

Stark Law Update: Recent Developments

Over the past several months, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has issued various *proposed rules* and *advisory opinions* on issues related to the Stark Law provisions. Most notably, CMS is currently revisiting one of the provisions in the Stark II, Phase III rule it finalized in September 2007, i.e., the provision requiring physicians with financial interests in physician organizations to “*stand in the shoes*” of such organizations for the purposes of complying with *self-referral laws*. Additionally, CMS has issued an advisory opinion dealing with the Stark implications of providing customized software to members of hospital medical staffs for the purpose of *remote access to patient information*.

Status of the “Stand in the Shoes” Provision

In September 2007, CMS issued the third installment of the federal self-referral law, more commonly referred to as Stark II (“Phase III”).¹ In the Phase III installment, CMS included a provision that would now consider physicians who have an ownership interest in a physician organization to “*stand in the shoes*” of the physician organization for the purpose of Stark laws, i.e., the physician would “*collapse*” into the physician organization, resulting in the the physician organization no longer being considered an *intervening entity* for the purpose of establishing an *indirect compensation arrangement* with a *designated health service* (“DHS”). Under the new provision, any physician member, employee or contractor of the physician organization will be considered to have the same compensation arrangement with the DHS that the physician organization has as a whole. The effect of the “*stand in the shoes*” provision is that many more physicians will be considered to have *direct compensation arrangements* with DHS entities, therefore falling under a different set of exemption provisions to Stark.¹

The final implementation of the “*stand in the shoes*” doctrine that concerned *academic medical centers* (“AMCs”) and *nonprofit integrated health system* settings was delayed in November 2007, until December 2008, so that CMS could address such concerns as: (1) compensation arrangements between a faculty practice plan and another component of the same AMC; and (2) compensation arrangements between an affiliated DHS entity and the affiliated physician practice in the same

nonprofit integrated health care system.¹ Following this delay, CMS issued the proposed rule regarding the *Hospital Inpatient Prospective Payment System* (“IPPS”) for FY 2009 (“Proposed Rule”), in which CMS solicited comments on two alternatives to address the “*stand in the shoes*” provisions for AMCs and integrated health systems going forward. The first alternative would create *exceptions* from the provision for physician-employees or contractors whose compensation arrangement satisfies the *employment, personal services, or fair market value exception*, or where the compensation arrangement is between an AMC component and a physician organization affiliated with the AMC through a written agreement to provide services required to satisfy the AMC’s obligations under the *Medicare Graduate Medical Education rules*.¹ The second alternative provides that CMS would not change the current “*stand in the shoes*” provisions, but instead would develop a new exception for certain *mission support* and similar payment arrangements between and among DHS entities, physician organizations, and physicians.¹ The Proposed Rule also provides for revising the Stark Law such that a DHS entity would be deemed to *stand in the shoes* of any organization in which it has a 100% ownership interest so that the DHS entity would be deemed to have the same compensation arrangements (i.e., with the same parties and on the same terms) as does the organization that it owns.¹ The Proposed Rule also clarified how to apply physician- and entity-side *collapsing rules* so that the referring physician and the DHS entity will not ever become the same person/entity for analytical purposes.¹

With the revisions of the “*stand in the shoes*” provision, CMS also proposed revising the definitions of “*physician*” and “*physician organization*” so that the determination as to whether a direct or indirect compensation agreement exists would be clearer. Under the proposed definitions, physicians will be deemed to “*stand in the shoes*” of: (1) another physician who employs the physician; (2) his or her wholly owned professional corporation; (3) a physician practice that employs or contracts with the physician or in which the physician has an ownership interest; or (4) a group practice of which the physician is a member or independent contractor.¹

(Continued from previous page)

Advisory Opinion: Remote Electronic Access of Patient Information

Additionally, CMS has recently published a new Stark Law *advisory opinion* on the topic of remote electronic access of patient information by the medical staff of a hospital system.¹ CMS advised an inquiring hospital system that providing *customized software* to members of the medical staffs would not give rise to a *compensation arrangement* between and among the physicians and the hospital under the Stark Law. Under section 1877 of the Social Security Act, a *compensation arrangement* includes all arrangements between a physician (or immediate family member) and an entity which involve remuneration, except those arrangements which involve only “*the provision of items, devices, or supplies that are used solely...to order or communicate the results of tests or procedures for such entity.*”¹ Because the provision of free equipment solely to communicate the results of exams does not have independent value apart from the service being provided, it does not constitute prohibited remuneration.

¹ “Medicare Program; Physicians’ Referrals to Health Care Entities With Which They Have Financial Relationships (Phase III),” 72 Fed. Reg. 51012 (Sept. 5, 2007).

¹ “Medicare Program; Physicians’ Referrals to Health Care Entities With Which They Have Financial Relationships (Phase III),” 72 Fed. Reg. 51028 (Sept. 5, 2007).

¹ “Medicare Program; Delay of the Date of Applicability for Certain Provisions of Physicians’ Referrals to Health Care Entities With Which they Have Financial Relationships (Phase III),” 72 Fed. Reg.

64161 (Nov. 15, 2007).

¹ “Medicare Program; Proposed Changes to the Hospital Inpatient Prospective Payment Systems and Fiscal Year 2009 Rates; Proposed Changes to Disclosure of Physician Ownership in Hospitals and Physicians Self-Referral Rules; Proposed Collection of Information Regarding Financial Relationships Between Hospitals and Physicians,” 73 Fed. Reg. 23686 (Apr. 30, 2008).

¹ “Medicare Program; Proposed Changes to the Hospital Inpatient Prospective Payment Systems and Fiscal Year 2009 Rates; Proposed Changes to Disclosure of Physician Ownership in Hospitals and Physicians Self-Referral Rules; Proposed Collection of Information Regarding Financial Relationships Between Hospitals and Physicians,” 73 Fed. Reg. 23687 (Apr. 30, 2008).

¹ “Medicare Program; Proposed Changes to the Hospital Inpatient Prospective Payment Systems and Fiscal Year 2009 Rates; Proposed Changes to Disclosure of Physician Ownership in Hospitals and Physicians Self-Referral Rules; Proposed Collection of Information Regarding Financial Relationships Between Hospitals and Physicians,” 73 Fed. Reg. 23689 (Apr. 30, 2008).

¹ “Medicare Program; Proposed Changes to the Hospital Inpatient Prospective Payment Systems and Fiscal Year 2009 Rates; Proposed Changes to Disclosure of Physician Ownership in Hospitals and Physicians Self-Referral Rules; Proposed Collection of Information Regarding Financial Relationships Between Hospitals and Physicians,” 73 Fed. Reg. 23689 (Apr. 30, 2008).

¹ “Medicare Program; Proposed Changes to the Hospital Inpatient Prospective Payment Systems and Fiscal Year 2009 Rates; Proposed Changes to Disclosure of Physician Ownership in Hospitals and Physicians Self-Referral Rules; Proposed Collection of Information Regarding Financial Relationships Between Hospitals and Physicians,” 73 Fed. Reg. 23690 (Apr. 30, 2008).

¹ “Advisory Opinion No. CMS-AO-2008-01” By Jeffrey B. Rich, M.D., Director, Center for Medicare Management, May 28, 2008, <http://www.cms.hhs.gov/PhysicianSelfReferral/Downloads/CMS-AO-2008-01.pdf> (Accessed 6.30.08).

¹ 42 U.S.C. 1395nn(h)(1)(A)-(C)(ii)(II) (2003).



(800) FYI - VALU

*Providing Solutions
in the Era of
Healthcare Reform*

Founded in 1993, HCC is a
nationally recognized healthcare
economic financial consulting firm

- [HCC Home](#)
- [Firm Profile](#)
- [HCC Services](#)
- [HCC Experts](#)
- [Clients Projects](#)
- [HCC News](#)
- [Upcoming Events](#)
- [Contact Us](#)
- [Email Us](#)

HEALTH CAPITAL CONSULTANTS (HCC) is an established, nationally recognized healthcare financial and economic consulting firm headquartered in St. Louis, Missouri, with regional personnel nationwide. Founded in 1993, HCC has served clients in over 45 states, in providing services including: valuation in all healthcare sectors; financial analysis, including the development of forecasts, budgets and income distribution plans; healthcare provider related intermediary services, including integration, affiliation, acquisition and divestiture; Certificate of Need (CON) and regulatory consulting; litigation support and expert witness services; and, industry research services for healthcare providers and their advisors. HCC's accredited professionals are supported by an experienced research and library support staff to maintain a thorough and extensive knowledge of the healthcare reimbursement, regulatory, technological and competitive environment.



Robert James Cimasi, MHA, ASA, FRICS, MCBA, AVA, CM&AA, serves as President of **HEALTH CAPITAL CONSULTANTS (HCC)**, a nationally recognized healthcare financial and economic consulting firm headquartered in St. Louis, MO, serving clients in 49 states since 1993. Mr. Cimasi has over thirty years of experience in serving clients, with a professional focus on the financial and economic aspects of healthcare service sector entities including: valuation consulting and capital formation services; healthcare industry transactions including joint ventures, mergers, acquisitions, and divestitures; litigation support & expert testimony; and, certificate-of-need and other regulatory and policy planning consulting.

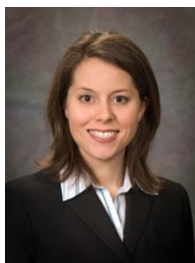
Mr. Cimasi holds a Masters in Health Administration from the University of Maryland, as well as several professional designations: Accredited Senior Appraiser (ASA – American Society of Appraisers); Fellow Royal Intuition of Chartered Surveyors (FRICS – Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors); Master Certified Business Appraiser (MCBA – Institute of Business Appraisers); Accredited Valuation Analyst (AVA – National Association of Certified Valuators and Analysts); and, Certified Merger & Acquisition Advisor (CM&AA – Alliance of Merger & Acquisition Advisors). He has served as an expert witness on cases in numerous courts, and has provided testimony before federal and state legislative committees. He is a nationally known speaker on healthcare industry topics, the author of several books, the latest of which include: *“The U.S. Healthcare Certificate of Need Sourcebook”* [2005 - Beard Books], *“An Exciting Insight into the Healthcare Industry and Medical Practice Valuation”* [2002 – AICPA], and *“A Guide to Consulting Services for Emerging Healthcare Organizations”* [1999 John Wiley and Sons].

Mr. Cimasi is the author of numerous additional chapters in anthologies; books, and legal treatises; published articles in peer reviewed and industry trade journals; research papers and case studies; and, is often quoted by healthcare industry press. In 2006, Mr. Cimasi was honored with the prestigious *“Shannon Pratt Award in Business Valuation”* conferred by the Institute of Business Appraisers. Mr. Cimasi serves on the Editorial Board of the Business Appraisals Practice of the Institute of Business Appraisers, of which he is a member of the College of Fellows.



Todd A. Zigrang, MBA, MHA, ASA, FACHE, is the Senior Vice President of **HEALTH CAPITAL CONSULTANTS (HCC)**, where he focuses on the areas valuation and financial analysis for hospitals and other healthcare enterprises. Mr. Zigrang has significant physician integration and financial analysis experience, and has participated in the development of a physician-owned multi-specialty MSO and networks involving a wide range of specialties; physician-owned hospitals, as well as several limited liability companies for the purpose of acquiring acute care and specialty hospitals, ASCs and other ancillary facilities; participated in the evaluation and negotiation of managed care contracts, performed and assisted in the valuation of various healthcare entities and related litigation support engagements; created pro-forma financials; written business plans; conducted a range of industry research; completed due diligence practice analysis; overseen the selection process for vendors, contractors, and architects; and, worked on the arrangement of financing.

Mr. Zigrang holds a Master of Science in Health Administration and a Masters in Business Administration from the University of Missouri at Columbia, and is a Fellow of the American College of Healthcare Executives. He has co-authored *“Research and Financial Benchmarking in the Healthcare Industry”* (STP Financial Management) and *“Healthcare Industry Research and its Application in Financial Consulting”* (Aspen Publishers). He has additionally taught before the Institute of Business Appraisers and CPA Leadership Institute, and has presented healthcare industry valuation related research papers before the Healthcare Financial Management Association; the National CPA Health Care Adviser's Association; Association for Corporate Growth; Infocast Executive Education Series; the St. Louis Business Valuation Roundtable; and, Physician Hospitals of America.



Anne P. Sharamitaro, Esq., is the Vice President of **HEALTH CAPITAL CONSULTANTS (HCC)**, where she focuses on the areas of Certificate of Need (CON); regulatory compliance, managed care, and antitrust consulting. Ms. Sharamitaro is a member of the Missouri Bar and holds a J.D. and Health Law Certificate from Saint Louis University School of Law, where she served as an editor for the Journal of Health Law, published by the American Health Lawyers Association. She has presented healthcare industry related research papers before Physician Hospitals of America and the National Association of Certified Valuation Analysts and co-authored chapters in *“Healthcare Organizations: Financial Management Strategies,”* published in 2008.