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Topics

Anne P. Sharamitaro, Esq. - Vice President of Research | Kathryn Young - Edito

CMS Issues 2009 Final Rule Regarding HOPD/ASC Payments

On October 30, 2008, CMS issued a *Final Rule* that updated payments to *Ambulatory Surgery Centers* (ASC) and *Hospital Outpatient Departments* (HOPD) for CY 2009.¹ In the Final Rule, CMS added twenty-seven new surgical procedures to Medicare's ASC payment list (fourteen of which were previously excluded) and added an additional thirteen CPT codes. The Final Rule, which does not delete any procedures, will *increase reimbursement for 2,475 procedures and decrease reimbursement for 92 procedures* performed in ASCs.² According to CMS, the updated rates "constitute[] the second year of a four-year transition to align [the rates paid to ASCs] with those paid to HOPDs for similar services."

With regard to ASCs, payment rates are generally set at a percentage of the *Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System* (HOPPS) rate, with an exception for device-intensive services where device costs account for more than 50% of the total cost of the service, in which case ASCs would receive the same reimbursement that is paid under the HOPPS. Another exception to the basic ASC percentage payment system is in those circumstances under which ASC services are performed predominantly in physicians' offices, in which case, the ASC payment is limited to what the physician would receive under the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule (MPFS) for the same service provided in a physician office setting.⁴

A significant part of the Final Rule relating to ASCs is the Final Rule's revision of the provisions related to Medicare's ASC Conditions for Coverage (CfC) by changing the definition of an ASC for purposes of coverage under Medicare. Under the new definition, an ASC is "a distinct entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of providing surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and in which the expected duration of services would not exceed 24 hours following admission." This definition revises the original proposed language related to an "overnight stay" (i.e., anything lasting past 11:59 p.m. on the day of admission), which would have prevented ASCs from providing services requiring a patient to say past 11:59 p.m. on the date of admission to the ASC.

As a result of the Final Rule, CMS is projecting that payments to Medicare beneficiaries in HOPDs will

increase under the HOPPS to \$30.1 billion in CY 2009 from \$28.5 billion in CY 2008. Further, payments to ASCs are projected to increase from \$3.5 billion to \$3.9 billion for the same time period.⁷

While on the surface the Final Rule may appear to be beneficial to ASCs, many ASC providers are very concerned by the new reimbursement rates. Critics of the Final Rule, including members of both Congress and the Senate, argue that the ASC reimbursement rates that use relative weights that are 2.47% lower than HOPPS rates is unreasonable. Furthermore, according to critics, the proposed rates for ASCs in 2009 will be 59% of the HOPPS rate, a significant drop from the 2008 rate of 63%. Given that many ASCs received over 80% of the HOPPS in 2003, critics argue that the continual decline in reimbursement may result in the inability of ASCs to continue to providing services. Additionally, critics are particularly concerned due to the fact that, according to a 2006 report by the US Government Accountability Office (GAO), the same procedure performed in an ASC costs Medicare substantially less than the same procedure being provided in a HOPD. 9 Specifically, the GAO found that, "The median cost ratio among all ASC procedures was 0.39 and when weighted by Medicare was 0.84. The median cost ratio for OPPS procedures was 1.04.",10

Because Medicare and Medicaid account for an average of 34% of an ASC's revenues, changing reimbursement rates from CMS greatly affect the ASC's ability to provide quality patient care services. The Final Rule provides HOPPS a 3.6% update for inflation while ASCs received 0% update for inflation. Additionally, the 2009 rates will reduce both gastroenterology and pain management reimbursement by six percent in addition to the five percent cut for gastroenterology in 2008.

The Final Rule also includes a provision that will reduce payments by up to two percentage points for failure to report quality measures under the requirements of the Hospital Outpatient Quality Data Reporting Program (HOP QDRP) for CY 2009. Additionally, CMS is considering a policy under its Value-Based Purchasing initiatives whereby it would not pay for medical care in a HOPD which results in harm to patients or preventable complications. CMS also intends to implement a voluntary test validation program whereby it will review

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hospital record data accuracy. Such a test program may be included in the 2010 rulemaking cycle for the CY 2011 payment updates.¹⁴

- ¹ "Fact Sheets: Final 2009 Policy, Payment Changes for Hospital Outpatient Departments and Ambulatory Surgical Centers," Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, October 30, 2008, http://www.cms.hhs.gov/apps/media/fact_sheets.asp (Accessed
- ² "ASC Medicare Payment System," ASCA, 2008, www.ascassociation.org/medicarepayment/ (Accessed 11/05/08); "Medicare Posts 2009 Payment ASC Coverage Rules," Outpatient Surgery, November 2008,

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- ³ "Fact Sheets: Final 2009 Policy, Payment Changes for Hospital Outpatient Departments and Ambulatory Surgical Centers," Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, October 30,
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- ⁶ "Medicare Posts 2009 Payment, ASC Coverage Rules," By David Bernard, Outpatient Surgery Magazine, OutpatientSurgery.net, http://www.outpatientsurgery.net/news/2008/11/1.php (Accessed
- ⁷ "Fact Sheets: Final 2009 Policy, Payment Changes for Hospital Outpatient Departments and Ambulatory Surgical Centers," Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, October 30,

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⁸ "2009 Final ASC Payments: Policies and Rates," American Surgery Center Association. www.ascassociation.org/medicare2009, (Accessed 11/24/08); Letter to CMS from the American Gastroenterological Association "Re: Medicare Program: Proposed Changes to the Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System and CY 2009 Payment Rates; Proposed Changes to the Ambulatory Surgery Center Payment System and 2009 Payment Rates", (September 2, 2008) www. amsurg.com(Accessed 11/24/08)) Payment for Ambulatory Surgical Centers Should be Based on the Hospital Outpatient Payment System," Highlights of GAO Report 07-86, US Government Accountability Office, www.gao.gov (November

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Robert James Cimasi, MHA, ASA, FRICS, MCBA, AVA, CM&AA, serves as President of HEALTH CAPITAL CONSULTANTS (HCC), a nationally recognized healthcare financial and economic consulting firm headquartered in St. Louis, MO, serving clients in 49 states since 1993. Mr. Cimasi has over thirty years of experience in serving clients, with a professional focus on the financial and economic aspects of healthcare service sector entities including: valuation consulting and capital formation services; healthcare industry transactions including joint ventures, mergers, acquisitions, and divestitures; litigation support & expert testimony; and, certificate-of-need and other regulatory and policy planning consulting.

Mr. Cimasi holds a Masters in Health Administration from the University of Maryland, as well as several professional designations: Accredited Senior Appraiser (ASA – American Society of Appraisers); Fellow Royal Intuition of Chartered Surveyors (FRICS – Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors); Master Certified Business Appraiser (MCBA – Institute of Business Appraisers); Accredited Valuation Analyst (AVA – National Association of Certified Valuators and Analysts); and, Certified Merger & Acquisition Advisor (CM&AA – Alliance of Merger & Acquisition Advisors). He has served as an expert witness on cases in numerous courts, and has provided testimony before federal and state legislative committees. He is a nationally known speaker on healthcare industry topics, the author of several books, the latest of which include: "The U.S. Healthcare Certificate of Need Sourcebook" [2005 - Beard Books], "An Exciting Insight into the Healthcare Industry and Medical Practice Valuation" [2002 – AICPA], and "A Guide to Consulting Services for Emerging Healthcare Organizations" [1999 John Wiley and Sons].

Mr. Cimasi is the author of numerous additional chapters in anthologies; books, and legal treatises; published articles in peer reviewed and industry trade journals; research papers and case studies; and, is often quoted by healthcare industry press. In 2006, Mr. Cimasi was honored with the prestigious "Shannon Pratt Award in Business Valuation" conferred by the Institute of Business Appraisers. Mr. Cimasi serves on the Editorial Board of the Business Appraisals Practice of the Institute of Business Appraisers, of which he is a member of the College of Fellows.



Todd A. Zigrang, MBA, MHA, ASA, FACHE, is the Senior Vice President of HEALTH CAPITAL CONSULTANTS (HCC), where he focuses on the areas valuation and financial analysis for hospitals and other healthcare enterprises. Mr. Zigrang has significant physician integration and financial analysis experience, and has participated in the development of a physician-owned multi-specialty MSO and networks involving a wide range of specialties; physician-owned hospitals, as well as several limited liability companies for the purpose of acquiring acute care and specialty hospitals, ASCs and other ancillary facilities; participated in the evaluation and negotiation of managed care contracts, performed and assisted in the valuation of various healthcare

entities and related litigation support engagements; created pro-forma financials; written business plans; conducted a range of industry research; completed due diligence practice analysis; overseen the selection process for vendors, contractors, and architects; and, worked on the arrangement of financing.

Mr. Zigrang holds a Master of Science in Health Administration and a Masters in Business Administration from the University of Missouri at Columbia, and is a Fellow of the American College of Healthcare Executives. He has co-authored "Research and Financial Benchmarking in the Healthcare Industry" (STP Financial Management) and "Healthcare Industry Research and its Application in Financial Consulting" (Aspen Publishers). He has additionally taught before the Institute of Business Appraisers and CPA Leadership Institute, and has presented healthcare industry valuation related research papers before the Healthcare Financial Management Association; the National CPA Health Care Adviser's Association; Association for Corporate Growth; Infocast Executive Education Series; the St. Louis Business Valuation Roundtable; and, Physician Hospitals of America.



Anne P. Sharamitaro, Esq., is the Vice President of HEALTH CAPITAL CONSULTANTS (HCC), where she focuses on the areas of Certificate of Need (CON); regulatory compliance, managed care, and antitrust consulting. Ms. Sharamitaro is a member of the Missouri Bar and holds a J.D. and Health Law Certificate from Saint Louis University School of Law, where she served as an editor for the Journal of Health Law, published by the American Health Lawyers Association. She has presented healthcare industry related research papers before Physician Hospitals of America and the National Association of Certified Valuation Analysts and co-authored chapters in "Healthcare Organizations: Financial Management Strategies," published in 2008.